Cognitive rehabilitation: assessment

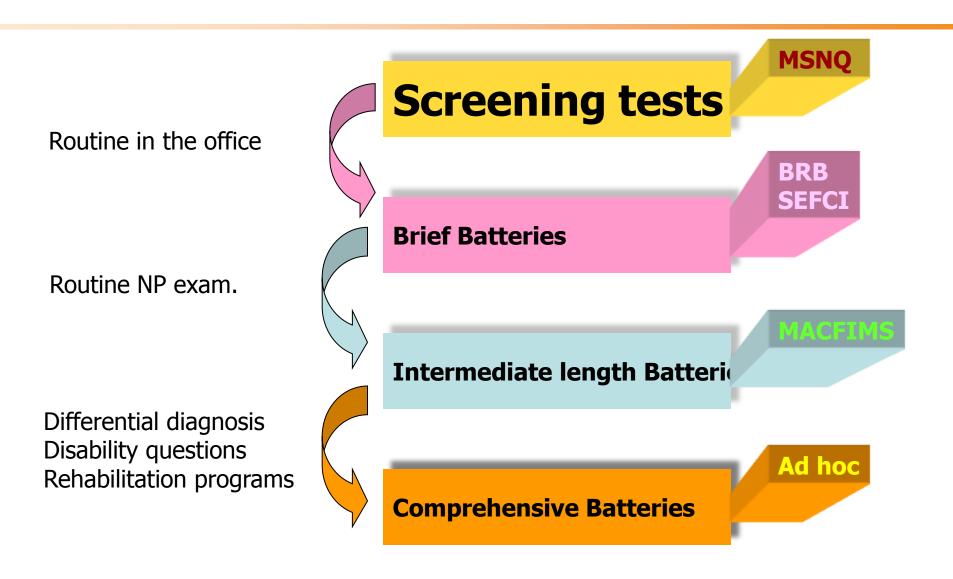
Dawn Langdon PhD



Assessment for cognitive rehabilitation

- Patient context
 - Individual
 - Family
 - Work
- Insight
- Mood
- Motivation
- Observation of patient performance
- Rehabilitation resources
- Cognitive impairment profile

Assessment of Cognition

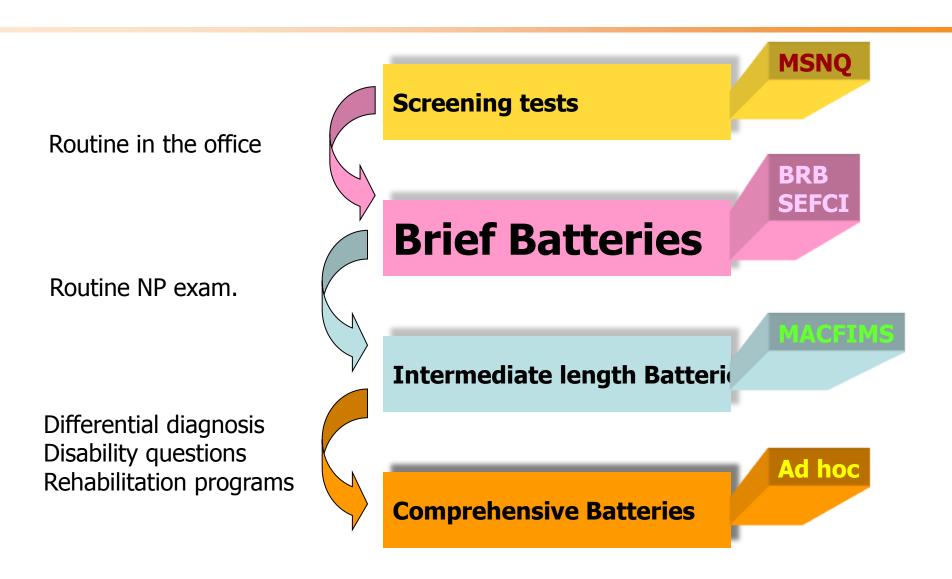


MSNQ items

- Is easily distracted
- Loses focus when listening
- Is slow when problem solving
- Forgets shows or programs
- Forgets appointments
- Forgets what he reads
- Asks to repeat directions
- Must be reminded to do tasks

- Forgets errands
- Fails to answer questions
- Failure of dual tasking
- Misses point of conversation
- Problem controlling impulses
- Laugh or cries easily
- Talks excessively

Assessment of Cognition



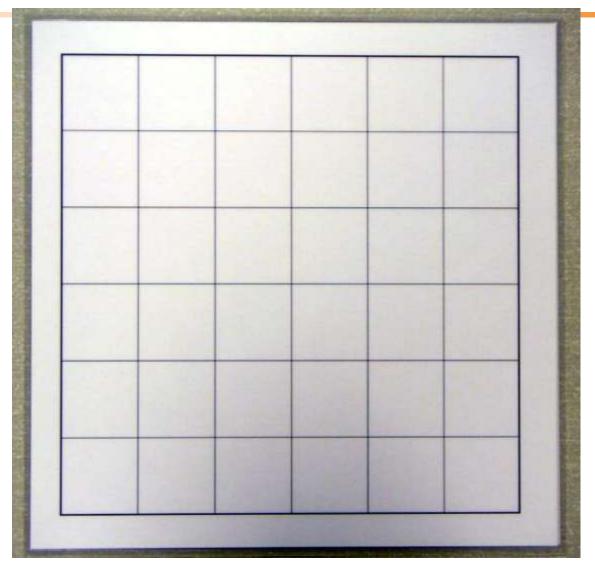
Selective Reminding Test

A

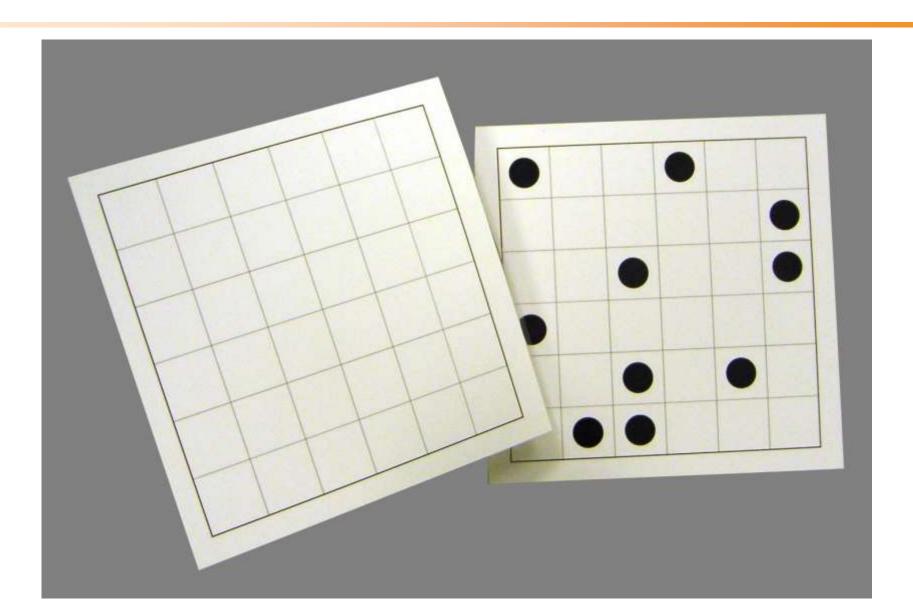


	1	2	3	4	5	6
Long Term Storage						
Consistent Long Term Retrieval						

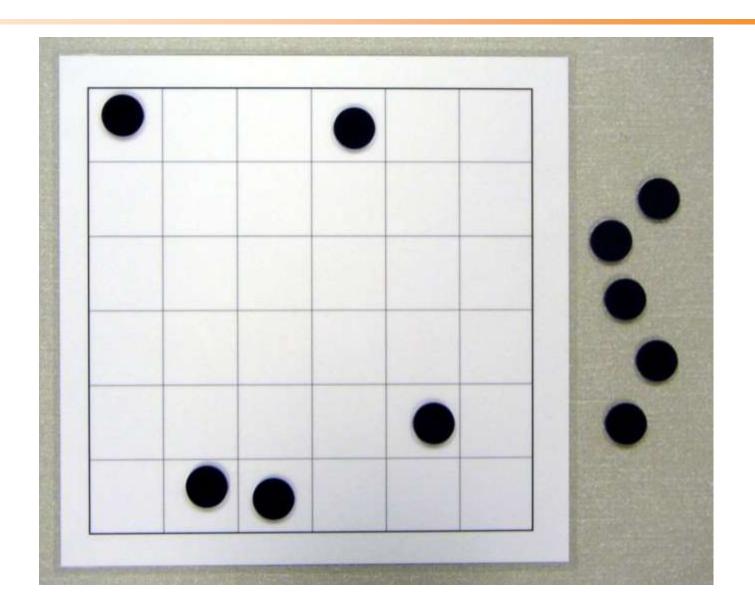
10/36 Spatial Recall Test



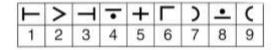
10/36 Spatial Recall Test

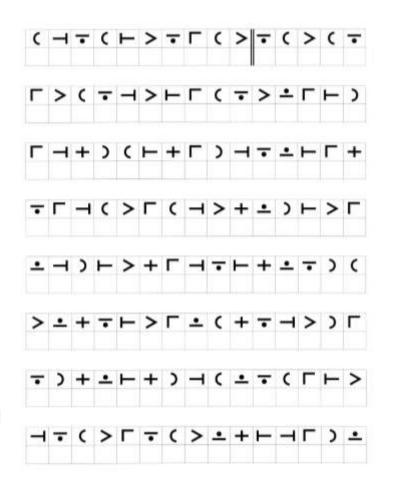


10/36 Spatial Recall Test



Symbol Digital Modality Test / A





Benedict et al. Clin Neuropsychol 2002; 16: 381-97

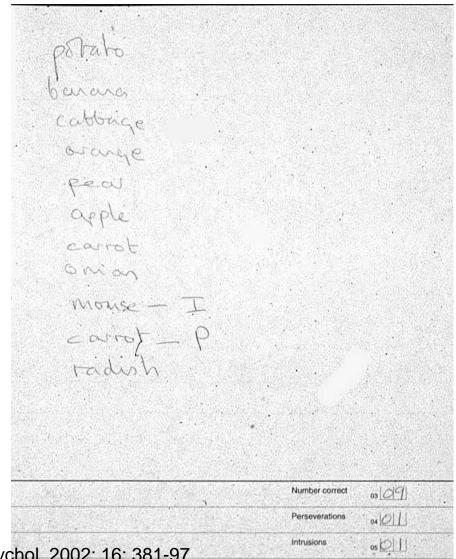
Paced Auditory Serial Addition Test

PASAT - Form A

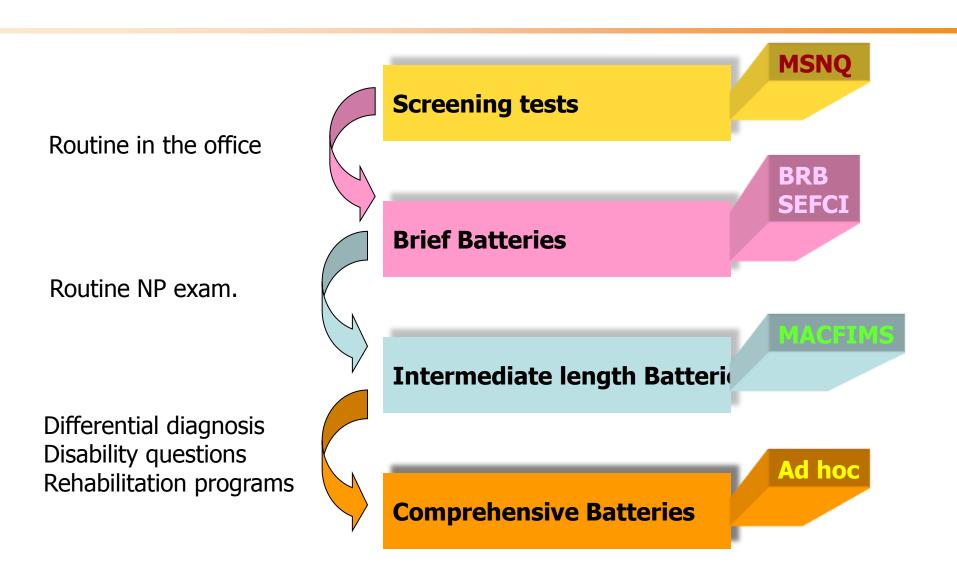
1+4	8	1	5	1 6 7	3	7	2	6.	9
4	7	(9)3	(6 <u>)</u> 5	3	(4) <u> </u>	(10 <u>)</u> 8	2	5	15_[/
(13)	(11)	(10)	8	8	9	(14)_	(10)	7	6
5	4	6	3	8	1	7	4	9	3
6	910	(10)	9	11_	9	8	11)	13)	(12)
7	2	6	9	5	2	4	8	3	1
(10)	9	(8)	15 <u>N</u> R	(14)	7	611	(12)	(11)	4
8	5	7	1	8	2	4	9	7	9
9 12	13	12	8	9	(10)	6	13[5	(16)_	16 NR
3	1	5	7	4	8	1	3	8	2
12	(4)	69	12NR	(11)	(2)	9)	1412	(1)	10

Total Correct (raw) =
$$\frac{49}{}$$

COWAT



Assessment of Cognition



California Verbal Learning Test-II (CVLT II)

Truck

Spinach

Giraffe

Bookcase

Onion

Motorcycle

Cabinet

Zebra

Coach

Lamp

Celery

Cow

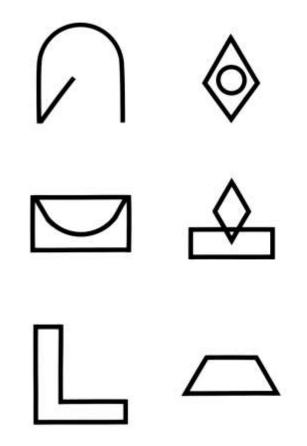
Desk

Boat

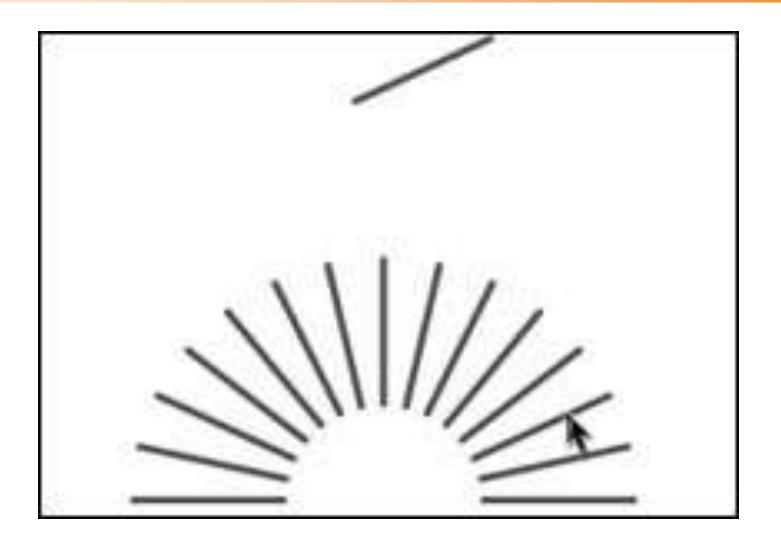
Squirrel

Cabbage

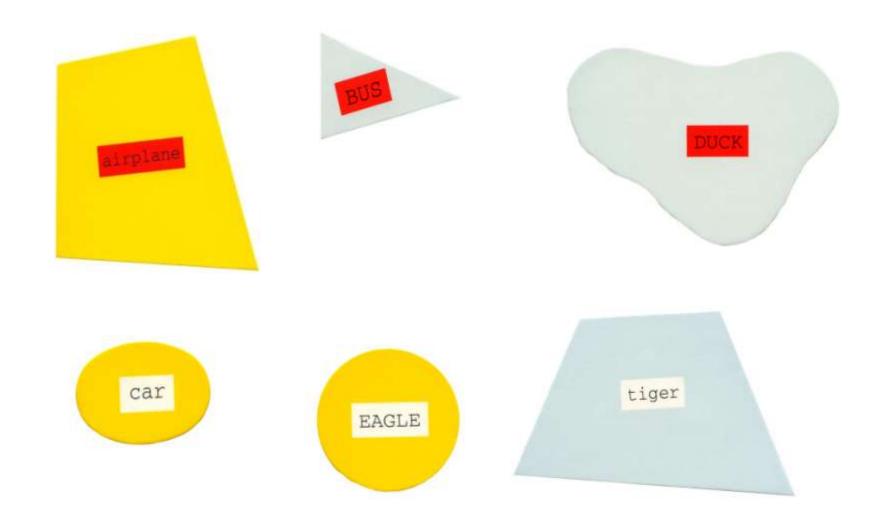
Brief Visuospatial Memory Test (Revised)



Judgement of line orientation



Delis-Kaplan Executive Function System (D-KEFS)



Cognitive assessment for MS

- Requires specialist training
- Time-consuming
- Not routinely available outside specialist centres
- Not comparable across countries

BICAMS

Brief International Cognitive Assessment for MS

- Identify a brief assessment tool for cognition in MS
 - can be used by health care professionals who are not cognitive specialists
 - has international validation
- Specify an international validation protocol that can be implemented in any country
- Agree guidelines on test-retest timing and clinically significant change

BICAMS committee meetings and website are sponsored by Bayer Healthcare

BICAMS consensus criteria

- Completed in 15 minutes
- No special equipment (beyond pen, paper, stopwatch)
- No specific assessor training for graduate health professionals
- Easily performed in a clinical setting
- Domains included:
 - Information processing speed
 - Verbal memory
 - Visual memory

BICAMS

Brief International Cognitive Assessment for MS

- Battery
 - SDMT
 - CVLT-II, first 5 recall trials
 - BVMTR, first 3 recall trials

MULTIPLE SCLEROSIS MSJ JOURNAL

Recommendations for a Brief International Cognitive Assessment for Multiple Sclerosis (BICAMS)

Multiple Scierosis Journal
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SSAGE

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Abstract

Background: Cognitive impairment in MS impacts negatively on many patients at all disease stages and in all subtypes. Full clinical cognitive assessment is expensive, requiring expert staff and special equipment. Test versions and normative data are not available for all languages and cultures.

Objective: To recommend a brief cognitive assessment for multiple sclerosis (MS) that is optimized for small centers, with one or few staff members, who may not have neuropsychological training and constructed to maximize international use. Methods: An expert committee of twelve members representing the main cultural groups that have so far contributed considerable data about MS cognitive dysfunction was convened. Following exhaustive literature review, peer-reviewed articles were selected to cover a broad spectrum of cultures and scales that targeted cognitive domains vulnerable to MS. Each was rated by two committee members and candidates scales were rated on psychometric qualities (reliability, validity, and sensitivity), international application, ease of administration, feasibility in the specified context, and acceptability to patients.

Results: The committee recommended the Symbol Digit Modalities Test, if only 5 minutes was available, with the addition of the California Verbal Learning Test – Second Edition and the Brief Visuospatial Memory Test – Revised learning trials if a further 10 minutes could be allocated for testing.

Conclusions: A brief cognitive assessment for MS has been recommended. A validation protocol has been prepared for language groups and validation studies have commenced.

BICAMS committee meetings and website are sponsored by Bayer Healthcare

Validity of BICAMS tests confirmed by routine 3T imaging

25 MS patients assessed on large battery

- SDMT correlated with
 - Cortical lesion number
 - Cortical lesion volume
 - White matter lesion volume
- CVLT-2 (immediate and delayed scores) correlated with
 - Cortical lesion number
- BVMT-R (immediate and delayed scores) correlated with
 - Cortical lesion volume
 - White matter lesion volume

Mike et al., Identification and clinical impact of multiple sclerosis cortical lesions as assessed by routine 3T MR imaging. AJNR. 2011;32:515-21

BICAMS

Brief International Cognitive Assessment for MS

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- Agree guidelines on test-retest timing and clinically significant change

BICAMS national validations

Published	Collecting data/analysis	Discussion	
USA	Canada	Portugal	Peru
Iran	UK	Belgium	Oman
Czech Republic	Italy	Ireland	Poland
	Germany	Hungary	Romania
	Austria	Australia	Slovenia
		Egypt	Sweden
		Estonia	Turkey
		Lithuania	Brazil
		Norway	

BICAMS: improving quality of healthcare and research in MS cognition

- Increasing patient access and equality
 - Cognitive assessment can be accessed by MS patients who do not attend specialist centres
 - Increased awareness of cognitive issues in health services, leading to better management
 - Psychometrically sound MS cognitive assessment available in many more countries
- Improving research
 - Cognitive data can be collected for national and international databases
 - Multinational studies can utilise comparable cognitive data